SUBJECT:	WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY AND GUIDANCE
DIRECTORATE:	CHIEF EXECUTIVE & TOWN CLERK
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1. Purpose of Report

1.1 To update the Whistleblowing policy and guidance.

2. Background

- 2.1 The Council's whistleblowing policy is part of range of counter fraud policies which are reviewed every two years (or sooner if required). The policy was last reviewed in August 2022 where there was little change made.
- 2.2 A Whistleblower is generally a term used for a person who works in or for an organisation and raises an honest and reasonable concern about a possible fraud, crime, danger or other serious risk that could threaten colleagues, service users, customers, members of the public or the success and reputation of the organisation.
- 2.3 UK law protects employees from dismissal, harassment or victimisation if such treatment occurs as a result of having made a whistle-blowing disclosure considered to be in the public interest. If workers bring information about a wrongdoing to the attention of their employers or a relevant organisation, they are protected in certain circumstances under the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998. This is commonly referred to as *'blowing the whistle'*. The law that protects whistleblowers is for the public interest so people can speak out if they find malpractice in an organisation. Blowing the whistle is more formally known as *'making a disclosure in the public interest'*.

3. Policy and Guidance

- 3.1 The Council's current whistleblowing policy has been updated to correct paragraph numbering and some rewording and reformatting. There have been no material changes to the content.
- 3.2 A copy of the policy and guidance is attached at Appendix A with the changes marked.

4. Organisational Impacts

4.1 **Finance (including whole life costs where applicable)**

There are no direct financial implications arising as a result of this report.

4.2 Legal Implications including Procurement Rules

There are no direct legal implications arising as a result of this report; however the policy helps ensure compliance with UK law.

4.3 Equality, Diversity and Human Rights

The Public Sector Equality Duty means that the Council must consider all individuals when carrying out their day-to-day work, in shaping policy, delivering services and in relation to their own employees.

It requires that public bodies have due regard to the need to:

- Eliminate discrimination
- Advance equality of opportunity
- Foster good relations between different people when carrying out their activities

Due to the nature of this report there are no direct equality, diversity or human rights implications.

5. Recommendation

5.1 Audit Committee are asked to approve the updated policy and guidance.

Is this a key decision?	No
Do the exempt information categories apply?	No
Does Rule 15 of the Scrutiny Procedure Rules (call-in and urgency) apply?	No
How many appendices does the report contain?	One
List of Background Papers:	None

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